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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
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4	BARKSDALE SCHOOL PORTRAITS, LLC,)
5	d/b/a HOCKMEYER WITH BARKSDALE, and) BSP NEW ENGLAND, LLC d/b/a HOCKMEYER)
6	WITH BARKSDALE,)
7	Plaintiffs,) Civil Action No.
8	v. 1:20-cv-11393-IT
9	ELIZABETH HOCKMEYER WILLIAMS, and) E-LLUMINATIONS,
10	Defendants.
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13	BEFORE THE HONORABLE INDIRA TALWANI, DISTRICT JUDGE
14	MODITONI LIEADING
15	MOTION HEARING
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17	Thursday, June 3, 2021 9:57 a.m.
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21	John J. Moakley United States Courthouse
22	Courtroom No. 9 One Courthouse Way
23	Boston, Massachusetts
24	Robert W. Paschal, RMR, CRR
25	Official Court Reporter rwp.reporter@gmail.com

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PROCEEDINGS

2 (In open court at 9:57 a.m.)

THE DEPUTY CLERK: United States District Court is now in session, the Honorable Judge Indira Talwani presiding.

This is Case Number 20-cv-11393, Barksdale School Portraits LLC versus Hockmeyer Williams, et al. Will counsel please identify themselves on the record.

MR. HOMANS: Michael Homans on behalf of the plaintiff, Barksdale School Portraits, BSP New England, and the individual counterclaim defendants.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MR. DRETLER: Good morning, Your Honor. Jeff Dretler, co-counsel with Attorney Homans.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MR. ROSIN: Good morning, Your Honor. Jeffrey Rosin for the defendants and counterclaimants.

THE COURT: Good morning.

So in accordance with CDC guidelines, if you are fully vaccinated, which means two weeks past your last vaccination, the final vaccination, you may remove your mask if you choose to do so. You may keep it on if you're more comfortable with that.

So we are here on the motion for sanctions brought by the plaintiffs, and that's motion for sanctions 40 -- Docket 46. And I have reviewed the papers. And I would like

to sort of separate out this conversation into two parts.

One, is it -- I think there is a question as to -- or I'd like to make sure my understanding is correct that there is no dispute that Attorney Rosin made the statements that he is accused of making and, assuming that's the case, to then move on to the question of what are the consequences of that.

So let me start with that first thing. Do I understand correctly, Mr. Rosin, that you do not dispute that those statements were made?

MR. ROSIN: Your Honor, there are certain statements that I don't dispute; however, the overall context of the statements and how they were made is part of what I do dispute.

THE COURT: Okay. But I'm trying to divide this up to into two pieces. So my first question is simply, as to the statements, there's no dispute about that, correct?

MR. ROSIN: That's not fully correct, Your Honor. Certain of the statements, yes. The transcript speaks for itself, and they are — they are made. But many of the statements were either potentially not mine or were said in the context of an objection or a comment to Attorney Homans.

So in that sense, anything, of course, that the transcript reflects me being -- saying, other than the one that's in error in the initial transcript, would be what I

would defer to, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So let me just try to figure out exactly what you said there. I was hoping that by having a neutral transcript made, we could avoid disputes. However, the -- I'm perhaps spoiled by the use of court reporters who actually carefully go through things. And I found the transcript, which at times had the wrong individual and at times had things that clearly were erroneous, lacked some reliability.

So that got me back to the question of, do I need to listen to each expression in the video? And so I — to some degree, I was trying to get my direction from your papers. And from your papers, I'm not — I understand that you give context to lots of things, but the actual words out of your mouth, I wasn't clear that you actually disagreed with any as originally presented by the plaintiff.

MR. ROSIN: And, Your Honor, there are a few that are not reflected accurately in the motion. There are a few that I do not think were mine. There -- I haven't -- you know, I guess my general viewpoint was, look, you know, I know that this was a difficult deposition. I know that there were times I muttered. Okay? So I guess I don't deny muttering generally sometimes, and I don't deny that that was not perfect lawyering and something I was not supposed to do.

But there -- if I go to each of the statements that

are alleged, some of them do not accurately reflect what is in there. And I think my sur-reply — thank you, Your Honor, for accepting that. But I think my sur-reply addresses this. For example, I do not recall Item 23, I believe, where it's alleged I said that Ms. Sheridan was a swear word. I do not recall that at all.

I do recall substantial testimony about the actual -- that actual term being a part of questions and answers in that part of the record. And so I haven't drilled down, but I accept that I made mutterings when that was not the right thing to do as a lawyer.

THE COURT: Okay. So I think there are -- from what you've said, I may need to go back and drill down to specific -- some of the specific items, but certainly as to the bulk of them, there is no dispute that you made these statements?

MR. ROSIN: Well, okay, Your Honor. To the extent the transcript is me making a statement, of course, I definitely don't dispute that.

THE COURT: Well, the problem is the transcript is me making the statement, and I'm just trying to figure out if you actually dispute it or whether I need to try to figure out what I'm using as a reliable matter.

I do think as -- you know, as a technical matter in determining a record, what a court reporter takes down as

correct is the record even if someone has been sitting on the side taping it on their iPhone. That's the record. Where you have a noticed deposition, you have two records. One is this stenography, the stenographic record taken by that stenographer, and the second is the video record taken by the videographer; and so you have both.

I was trying to reduce the videography to a written record so I didn't have to replay and replay and replay. And I don't feel like this third record we've created has any indicia of reliability, unfortunately.

So now I'm simply asking you the question as to whether or not -- not what does the transcript show. I'm just asking you the question, is do you dispute the statements that plaintiff has listed in your brief? And I think what you're saying is that, as to a few of them, as to some of them, you do and that I can find in your sur-reply.

And so then my follow-up question to you was, so we can now move forward, but do you agree that the majority of these statements, you did make these statements? And then we need to figure out what happens and what's the context and what I'm going to do about that.

MR. ROSIN: Well, I guess, put that way,
Your Honor, I've listened to this transcript four times very
closely, because a lot of it, when I first saw this, I
couldn't recall. But, of course, I did know that I muttered

sometimes.

And so, you know, for example, there's one item, 35, where I'm alleged to have said something. And, you know, the -- yes, I said it. The sound was off in our room. We couldn't hear Attorney Homans, and it was asked and answered already, and I should not have been speaking out of turn. That was wrong. But it was not what it's painted to be.

So I guess, when you say, Your Honor, do you -- do you dispute the statements, I guess there's both -- there's both a no and a context in there that I -- that I would give Your Honor as the answer.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm taking that as a no, and now we can move to the context --

MR. ROSIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- trying to separate this out. And so the circumstance that I understand that I have in front of me is that these statements that you refer to as "mutterings," but these words were made, and now the question is what happens in light of that? And your arguments are -- it seems to me are primarily directed to why I should not take action against your client.

But I'd like to start first with the question of whether I need to take action as to you.

MR. ROSIN: Thank you, Your Honor. And I'm prepared, Your Honor, for whatever Your Honor decides is the

appropriate action to me. I would actually, though, ask Your Honor to recognize the following context.

The -- my client's psychological and emotional and physical state was in a place where I've never been with a client, and she almost didn't make it to the deposition that day. She had had no food in her system and didn't have food in her system and refused to take any through the day and would only drink water to get herself through the day.

She was hospitalized the night afterwards. We were met in the beginning with what is set forth in our sur-reply and what Your Honor can hear in the first 30 minutes of the video as a very provocative and agitating set of questions. We did try to move for protective order and instruct her not to answer on one of them. Looking back, I should have moved for a protective order on the entire day.

But I knew that my client needed to get through the day. We had been anticipating the day for a month. She was just off of vacation. She is a photographer. The May season is when she's going to be busy and need to focus on making money. We needed to get this done at the end of April and hopefully in one day, you know, come the high water.

So I love this client. I care a lot about her. I care a lot about her husband as well. I'm wrapped up in what she's endured, and I'm watching what she's enduring. And it's very hard to watch. And I know what she's told me she

endured for three years, and that's very hard as well.

I have reached out to fellow counsel outside my firm considering that perhaps I am too emotionally wrapped up in this case and need co-counsel or substitute counsel to take it from here. My client is suffering, and I've taken on her emotions. And that's something that I'm willing to pay whatever price Your Honor thinks is appropriate.

But I look at that deposition, 32 hours of it, 8 hours four times over, and I say, did -- did the other side get a full and fair deposition? Did I truly interfere with that? Did I truly interfere in any way with them getting her truthful and credible answers and getting through that day? And in my defense, Your Honor, I feel like I did not. I did not.

I helped my client and helped her get through the day, and I was not a perfect defender there, by any stretch, but I ask that Your Honor consider that.

THE COURT: So I think the problem I'm having with your response to this whole matter is that, even if I were to accept everything that you're stating recording your client's mental state and difficulties and all of the -- how your motives may not have been misplaced, even if I were to accept all of that, what I'm having a hard time understanding here -- because you're obviously an experienced litigator and an experienced lawyer.

And I don't see any acknowledgment from you on how what you may contend you do to help her has, in fact, gravely harmed the matter, where you have placed her in a position in front -- you may believe in your client. I certainly have been there where you believe in your client. I understand that. But this is a case where a neutral person will ultimately -- whether it's a jury or me -- will ultimately be making decisions about this case.

And to not recognize that the steps you are taking, purportedly to protect her, are damaging her suggests to me that, you know, either you're so invested that you no longer have clarity in it, or there's other things going on in your life that are interfering with your judgment.

But I'm -- I'm somewhat speechless at your apparent lack of recognition of what you're suggesting you do in helping her, to not realize how incredibly harmful it is. I mean, as I go here, if I have a lawyer who is whispering behind their mask to their client, even if what she said was the truth, how do I look at every pleading and every paper without a huge question mark?

MR. ROSIN: Your Honor, and I think that when I said that I have talked to substitute counsel, I was — that was what I intended to indicate, is that I do realize that my being wrapped up in her case emotionally is not the best thing for her. And I do realize that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So why -- is there any reason, from your point of view -- and I will then let your opposing counsel address this -- that the appropriate remedy here would be an order directing you to withdraw from this case and making a referral to the Bar to determine what's going on here?

Because if there are other matters, I certainly don't want to be doing this in a public court proceeding. If there are other matters that are going on that are affecting you individually, this is of concern. But so I have you withdraw from this. I make the referral there.

And then, with regard to your client, allow that to the extent, just like you can cross-examine someone with their deposition, the plaintiffs will be able to play those portions of the tape if they want to use that to suggest at trial that her — to challenge her credibility? Why wouldn't that be the appropriate remedy here?

MR. ROSIN: Your Honor, I'd be prepared to accept that if that is Your Honor's view of the appropriate remedy. I do care for this client. I do think and believe in her case. I know that there is a lot of trust in me.

I know that I have tainted Your Honor's view of that situation, and I think that I would definitely accept whatever Your Honor views as appropriate, and my clients would learn to move on from that. They had a lawyer in this

matter before me, and that is the lawyer that I'm speaking with and his firm about replacing me already.

THE COURT: Let me hear from plaintiffs.

MR. HOMANS: Your Honor, thank you.

It's obviously not a pleasant situation for any of us to be here. And I certainly, in my 26 years of practice, have never seen anything that comes close. And like you, I'm -- I was speechless when I found out the level that this occurred.

And I do want to note, you know, Mr. Rosin is an aggressive litigator; but he has been calm, cool, and calculated throughout this. He has not been an emotional litigant -- or, you know, counsel.

You know, I specifically asked him during the deposition, and I think it's at page 16 of the original transcript, you know, "Please don't confer with your client during the break, you know, as to the substance of her testimony." And he agreed, of course not. He'll have no problem with that.

He knows the rules. He's practiced 25 years. He's the managing partner of the Boston office of his 140-lawyer firm. And like you, I don't understand what happened here, but there can be no mistake that this was wrong and that this violated multiple rules and requirements.

With regard to -- if there is any dispute as to the

substance, I agree with Your Honor. You have two records. You have the actual video recording, which I think is the best evidence. And while I regret that Your Honor or your staff may have to review that video recording, you know, we have pinpointed the spots, and I do think that is a better record than the transcript that was produced, you know, with all respect to the independent transcriptionist.

THE COURT: Yes. Recommendation for any similar attempts, what people do outside of the legal profession doesn't measure up to the accuracy of our certified reporters. And I regret not directing you to use a court certified reporter rather than -- I mean, I don't know whether this came off of, you know, a computer program for however -- for however it was done.

MR. HOMANS: Your Honor, yeah. We don't know. We left it to the two court reporting services, and they mutually agreed. I think, actually, Mr. Rosin's court reporter suggested this one, and the court reporter service we used looked at them and said, yeah, they looked qualified. And we understand they did understand what they're doing, but I think they also sensed an urgency, and they have not produced the best work product.

THE COURT: I think the -- I think the issue that I do need you to address is that the question of sanctions as to the plaintiff -- sorry -- as to the defendant personally,

removing her case, judgment, et cetera, it seems to me detracts and minimizes the problem here, which is the conduct of counsel and that, while the witness was complicit, obviously, she is also represented by counsel who is in a sense telling her what to do.

And so it seems to me that the -- to sanction her beyond removing her lawyer and allowing you to use the video as to those portions if it came up at trial, it would seem that any greater sanction as to her would require me to go into findings as to the underlying allegations that both sides are throwing back and forth, that -- I don't think this is the appropriate forum to do.

MR. HOMANS: Your Honor, I understand that position. I guess I would say, as we try to highlight in the motion and memorandum of law, there have been repeated incidents of, you know -- I think, cannot be concluded to be anything other than willful dishonesty and willful wrongful conduct by Elizabeth Hockmeyer Williams. They're documented, and they can be demonstrated.

And then when she's confronted with those, you know, documented incidents, she either -- "I don't recall," you know, either just totally claims no knowledge as to who she sent, you know, this May 12th e-mail to about what -- you know, on May 12th, the day she sends the e-mail to all Barksdale's customers, she and her husband are texting back

and forth, "I'm downloading everything. I've downloaded all your stuff. I'm downloading all my stuff. Next we'll spend all week downloading other stuff," you know, from Barksdale's systems.

THE COURT: So I understand that you feel strongly about the -- that the facts here support your side. I'm uncomfortable with both sides asking me to delve into those facts in this context. I mean, what I'm -- what I am addressing here on this motion is what happened during this deposition.

And it's a question of the context and the forum.

If -- you know, is it more expensive to proceed and have factual determinations determined at the appropriate time under the Rules of Civil Procedure? Absolutely. But is this a shortcut to get there? I don't -- I don't think that presents -- I think the question that's presented here is the question of what happened on that day.

MR. HOMANS: And I guess the only other things I'll note on that, Your Honor -- you know, there is this representation now that she was highly fragile and in an emotional state. She was -- she was pugnacious and, you know, said, "I can go all day," during the deposition. She would say -- you know, she would laugh if she thought I asked an awkward question.

She -- she states, on the mask -- I asked that the

mask be removed. She said, "Well, I'm high risk." You know, she drives into Boston, sits in a conference with two other people all day for the deposition, you know, close by. She's just back from a vacation to Florida for a week.

So, you know, I think all of this suggests to me willful misconduct, a willful scheme to wear the mask to cover up so that Mr. Rosin can feed her lines when she's stuck or she needs help. And I think that's what happened.

And we cited cases, I believe, at pages 11 and 14 in which the sanction of dismissal does occur when there is evidence that the party is complicit in the wrongdoing, which I think there is evidence here, that that -- the entire claim can be dismissed and that party should be sanctioned also.

I understand. I hear you, Your Honor. I mean, if your counsel is suggesting you do this, that's a high burden to place on a party, you know, who -- she's not just a photographer. I mean, she was -- she was operating officer of this business for the past 15 years.

But I understand the position, and I just think there is possibly consideration to be made that sanctions should be against her, you know, and we can talk about various levels of sanctions, what they should be and whether they should be full dismissal. But I don't think she's an innocent party here, I guess, is my point.

THE COURT: Mr. Rosin, do you want to address the

issue of whose idea it was to have communications behind your masks --

MR. ROSIN: Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- to keep your masks on during the proceeding, to be in one room during the deposition?

I -- you know, I have to say, I think part of what was so distressing about this motion -- and, again, your -- the fact that you're -- you know, you've built a respected practice is all the more troubling here -- is that we're all working through this pandemic. There's a lot of problems, and how do we do this? You can see in this courtroom. We're all making all kinds of efforts to deal with this.

And the idea that this deposition format, instead of being, "How do we make our way through during a pandemic to keep justice going," became an opportunity that you would never have tried to do in -- sitting in the same room or here in the courtroom. And imagine she's there. It will be very, very stressful. You would never have thought, here, to be whispering her answers or even to be muttering under your breath.

MR. ROSIN: And I think, Your Honor, I put in my opposition that there's nothing premeditated. It just happened that, you know, in the course of the -- what I saw as a very abusive line of questioning and repetitive questions that, you know, the agitation and the arguing, and

they keep coming back to the same issue and asking it again and asking it in a different way and asking it in another way now, that there were moments of frustration when I -- you know, "Just say you don't know. You know, just -- can we get on with this," you know?

THE COURT: But you're an experienced attorney, and you knew I was here in the courthouse that day, right?

MR. ROSIN: I know, Your Honor. I know. And I wish that I had moved for a protective order and called Your Honor a number of times. In the moment, I was weighing needing to get through the day and do it in one day and really that being the priority.

And, you know -- and there were times -- and it's after the third hour -- where I'm objecting while I'm still on mute. It's a clear objection. And I know that my voice is being heard through Ms. Williams's microphone, because every time I went off mute to object, there was that tin-like echo in the room.

And I'm not IT. My one officer manager that's in there with me and my one contract lawyer who is in her office in the other room, none of us are IT. We just know that for some reason, every time I go off mute, the whole thing echoes. And so it just sort of happened after the frustrations of the day.

THE COURT: Was this the first deposition of this

case? 1 MR. ROSIN: It was, Your Honor. And it -- the 2 3 first time I've ever done one live in my office during the 4 COVID era on Zoom with the witness in the room. I've never even had a witness in the other room. 5 THE COURT: And you have how large an office? Has 6 7 anyone else handled depositions? I mean, I'm just speechless, because we have been on Zoom since last March. 8 9 MR. ROSIN: Well, we've always --THE COURT: And, you know, we are dealing with 10 11 these issues with individuals in a lot of different settings. We've done our criminal proceedings. I'm somewhat speech- --12 13 so, I mean, your defense here is you had no idea this is how 14 to do a deposition? MR. ROSIN: No, Your Honor. I think there have 15 been times where every lawyer is in their individual room and 16 there's not the sound issue. 17 18 THE COURT: Right. MR. ROSIN: This client specifically said, "I want 19 you in there with me. I need you in there with me. I can't 20 do this alone." Okay? 21 So I think that I -- "Okay. I'll be in there with 22 23 you," but then there was this sound issue. And I thought, "Okay. I don't have to say anything other than the 24

occasional object." Then as I watched my --

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THE COURT: How can you do a deposition and not -I mean, you're telling me now these questions were compound,
et cetera, but you made no objection during the time; or when
you tried to object quietly, it clearly wasn't being picked
up by the court reporter, so you knew that.

MR. ROSIN: Well, no, there was a time I knew that my objections were being heard through her microphone. And so that was at the third hour, right around 3:08. And so, like, it just happened, Judge, and it just -- it's a bad consequence, a bad confluence of events. I own my responsibility in it.

And it was not any kind of setup or anything like that to try to, you know, do something untoward. It was just the stresses of the day, the situation we were in, the repetitive questioning, the need to get through the day. Ultimately what we weighed was whatever happens in the next seven hours — and that's all he has, is seven — whatever happens, we're going to endure it. And in that mix, Your Honor, there were some mistakes, and we — that's all I can say.

THE COURT: Okay. I will go back and make sure at least some of the key things I have listened to on the video. I have, so far, stuck to the transcripts.

But my intention here, the order I anticipate issuing will require you to withdraw. And there needs to be

substitute counsel appearing promptly or at least as to the entity. Ms. Hockmeyer, obviously -- or Ms. Williams, obviously, has a right to appear pro se if she isn't able to find substitute counsel. But I am going to -- I will need there to be substitute counsel for E-lluminations because they cannot appear pro se.

Do you anticipate that substitute counsel will, in fact, be filing an appearance and I don't need to worry about this or --

MR. ROSIN: Your Honor, I will place a phone call as soon as we leave the court. It is someone I have spoken to already, and I know that they said they're willing. They're in. Obviously, Ms. Williams needs to re-meet that person and be agreeable to, and E-lluminations.

Your Honor, there is a sister case, brother case.

It's Mr. Williams', Jeffrey Williams' case before Your Honor.

I would ask that I be permitted to continue on his case.

THE COURT: I don't see how. The discovery was consolidated in this case, correct? I understand this motion was only filed here, but this was consolidated discovery. Her deposition factors into that case as well, correct?

I also -- I mean, literally -- I am -- I am actually -- I maybe should say this even in stronger terms.

You are not helping your clients here by your conduct. This is a terrible situation that somebody has to deal with

professionally after you've gone down this thing.

I don't know what -- how much of your clients' medical and marital information was on the public record before you filed your oppositions to these motions, but you've put it all out there now.

I don't think that there is any scenario where it is appropriate -- I think there's a conflict of interest here. I think you need to figuring out how to take steps so this doesn't have repercussions far beyond this case, because I will be making a referral to the Bar. I can't not. This is so -- so entirely inappropriate.

So you're going to -- I think what I will do is, just to ensure that we don't have a complete mess on getting notice out to your client, I will direct you to withdraw from this case but give you a week to do so. And hopefully substitute counsel will file a notice of appearance in the meantime.

I will make a referral to the Bar and have them address what happened here or not. I really -- I think that's probably the appropriate place, and I do -- I do have concern that this doesn't -- this seems to be a type of thing sort of beyond what someone would normally do to protect their clients along the way, and to not understand that the most important thing isn't getting through a seven-hour deposition suggests you may not have been in an appropriate

frame of mind as you were -- as you were considering this.

And as I said, I intend to order the video -- that the video deposition portions may be used as appropriate for that particular question, if it comes up, just the way you could use a conflicting answer in a deposition. So, in that sense, it would be available for impeachment.

And I don't -- I don't want to create a second fight about fees, but I will entertain a reasonable request for the defendants' [sic] fees in bringing this motion. So I'll go back and take one last look at the video, but that's my plan here.

There are pending — there is a pending close of discovery and appending motion to compel, and I am not prepared to address the merits of it. But just so I understand what is open with regard to discovery in this transition, but for these matters that are at issue in the motion to compel, is discovery complete?

MR. ROSIN: Your Honor, we had planned, if we stayed in the case, a few other depositions. And one of our requests in the motion to compel was for the continued depositions, that we claim we should have had certain documents.

THE COURT: So I understand that there's a motion that says there are documents and continued depositions. I understand that. So putting that to the side, are there

other discovery and depositions that are still open? 1 MR. ROSIN: There were two that Ms. Williams 2 3 They are the -- names are Mo Ehtesham and Brad Ells. THE COURT: And have those been noticed? 5 MR. ROSIN: One of them was, but we voluntarily took it off calendar because there are documents that we had 6 7 wanted. Mr. Ells -- we hadn't had a date yet, but we wanted the same set of documents for Mr. Ells. And then we had 9 contemplated a Rule 30(b)(6) to get into some of the alleged lost revenues. 10 11 THE COURT: And has that been noticed or discussed with opposing counsel? 12 13 MR. ROSIN: It's been referenced, but not noticed or discussed. The two -- the first two have been discussed 14 that -- the 30(b)(6) has been referenced, but not discussed. 15 MR. HOMANS: And, Your Honor, I think we referenced 16 in our motion, our response to the motion to compel, that we, 17 you know, kind of request, as part of this motion for 18 19 sanctions, a stay of discovery while this was worked out because I did understand this might put a lot of things in 20 flux. 21 There are some key documents we would move to 22 23 compel and also probably taking two to four depositions, which have not been noticed yet. 24 THE COURT: Okay. So I am going to stay discovery. 25

I would like -- because I don't want to have new counsel come in and have a request to reopen the whole -- the whole discovery matter. Where I understood we were is that you came in -- prior to this, these two motions, what I understood was that there was a motion to extend discovery by one month based on the need to do additional depositions.

Is that -- is that correct that that was the basis, was that there was -- that you asked to extend the time to complete depositions or to take depositions?

MR. HOMANS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So written discovery, except as may be subject to a motion as -- except as may come forward in a motion to compel, is closed. And then with regard to any further depositions in addition, I understand there's a group that defendant contends needs to be reopened, and that's briefed, and I will look at that.

But other than those matters, I'd like you to confer and file a joint statement as to whether there's an agreement on depositions that need to go forward. And if there is not agreement, if there are additional people that there's any dispute about, or the 30(b)(6), if there's any dispute about it, a brief statement as to why notice for deposition of those people would be appropriate at this time so that I know — so I have a concrete universe of what we're dealing with before we bring new counsel in.

MR. ROSIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

I was going to ask for two weeks instead of one only because -- just to get new counsel up to speed. But I would defer, Your Honor, if one week is all you'll give me.

THE COURT: Well, what I'm -- what I don't -- you know, any time a new attorney puts their eyes on something, no matter how excellent a job you've done, they may well say, "Well, if it was me, I would have asked for something different." I don't want to go down that road. We've had discovery. Competent counsel have worked on this case, and you sort of have the universe.

So written discovery is closed other than you have a pending motion and plaintiffs are intending to file a motion to compel. So written discovery is closed.

With regard to the depositions, I suppose two weeks is fine, but I'm not looking for new names, right? What I'm looking for is the parties came together and said, "Let's get an extra month." It wasn't really so that everyone could go back and say, "Let's come up with a list of ten new witnesses to depose."

So I'll give you the two weeks, but I am -- I am hoping that the parties have an understanding of who the witnesses generally are here and that this isn't going to be a disputed matter.

MR. ROSIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else? MR. ROSIN: No, Your Honor. Thank you. THE COURT: Oh. And if you are going to make a request for reasonable fees, you should probably do that in somewhat short order so that Mr. Rosin has a chance to respond, and you should confer with each other in advance. And, again, I'm not looking here to have one side try to get blood from the other side. I'm looking for a reasonable resolution of this matter. MR. ROSIN: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: We're in recess. (Case in recess at 10:41 a.m.)

CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL REPORTER

I, Robert W. Paschal, Registered Merit Reporter and Certified Realtime Reporter, in and for the United States
District Court for the District of Massachusetts, do hereby certify that pursuant to Section 753, Title 28, United States
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Dated this 23rd day of

September, 2021.

/s/ Robert W. Paschal

ROBERT W. PASCHAL, RMR, CRR Official Court Reporter